

VRF INVERTER MULTI-SYSTEM AIR-CONDITIONERS

KXZ Outdoor units

Hi-COP series

- Single use (Used also for combination)
 FDC224KXZXE1, 280KXZXE1, 335KXZXE1
- Combination use FDC450KXZXE1, 500KXZXE1, 560KXZXE1, 615KXZXE1, 670KXZXE1, 735KXZXE1, 800KXZXE1, 850KXZXE1, 900KXZXE1, 1000KXZXE1

· Note:

(1) Regarding the indoor unit series, refer to the No.'14 · KX-DB-206.



PREFACE

Combination table for KX4, KX6 and KXZXE1 series

			Conno	otabla				Indoor (unit			
				Connectable remote control		Same series	Mixed series	Mixed series	Mixed series	Same or Mixed series	Mixed series	Same series
	Category Outdoor unit		3-wire type	RC-E1	KXE4	KXE4(A) KXE4A	KXE4A	KXE4A	KXE4A			
Category			3-wire type	RC-E1R			KXE4R KXE4BR KXE5R	KXE4R KXE4BR KXE5R		KXE4R KXE4BR KXE5R	KXE4R KXE4BR KXE5R	
			2-wire type	RC-E3 RC-E4 RC-E5 RC-EX1A				KXE6 KXE6A KXE6B KXE6D KXE6F	KXE6 KXE6A KXE6B KXE6D KXE6F		KXE6 KXE6A KXE6B KXE6D KXE6F	KXE6 KXE6A KXE6B KXE6D KXE6F
	FDCA-HKXE4	5HP			YES[D]	YES[D]	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
	FDCA-HKXE4	8-48HP			NO	YES[D]	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
	FDCA-HKXE4A FDCA-HKXE4R	5HP 5,6HP			NO	YES[D]	YES[D]*1	NO	NO	YES[D]*1	NO	NO
Heat pump (2-pipe) systems	FDCA-HKXE4A FDCA-HKXE4R FDCA-HKXE4BR FDCA-HKXE4D	8-48HP 8-48HP 8-48HP 8-48HP			NO	YES[D]	YES[D]	YES[D]	YES[D]	YES[D]	YES[D]	YES[D]
	FDC-KXE6	4,5,6HP			NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES[B]*6
	FDC-KXE6	8-48HP			NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES[C]	YES[C]	YES[B]
	FDC-KXZXE1	8-36HP			NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES[A]

Note (1) YES: Connectable (See following table in detail), NO: Not connectable

^{*1} Except FDKA71KXE5R

		Connected	indoor unit				
	Outdoor unit	Same series	Mixed series	Dip switch setting of outdoor unit KXZE1/KXE6	Superlink protocol	Limitation	
YES[A]*2	KXZXE1	KXE6		II (New)	New (for KXZXE1/KXE6)	New (for KXZXE1/KXE6)	
YES[B]*2	KXE6	KXE6		II (New)	New (for KXZXE1/KXE6)	New (for KXZXE1/KXE6)	
YES[C]	KXE6	KXE4 series	KXE6 & KXE4 series	I (Previous)	Previous (for KXE4)	Previous (for KXE4)	
YES[D]	KXE4 series	KXE4 series	KXE4 series		Previous (for KXE4)	Previous (for KXE4)	

^{*2} If outdoor unit system (YES [A] or YES [B]) is connected to other outdoor unit systems (YES [C] and/or YES [D]) in one Superlink network, the dip switch of outdoor unit KXZXE1 (YES [A]) or KXE6 of (YES [B]) should be set from II(New) to 1 (Previous). In this case the Superlink protocol and limitation of outdoor unit system (YES [A] or YES [B]) are switched to Previous (for KX4).

(2) Combination with new Central control, PC windows central control and BMS interface unit

1		Central control, PC windows central control and BMS interface unit								
		SC-SL1N-E	SC-SL2NA-E	SC-SL4-AE/BE	SC-WGWNB-A/B	SC-LGWNA-A	SC-BGWNA-A/B			
VEOIN	Connectable I/U	16	64	128 (128x1)	128 (64x2)*3	96 (48x2)	128 (64x2)*3			
YES[A]	Superlink protocol	New	New	New	New	New	New			
YES[B]	Connectable network	1	1	1	2	2	2			
VESICI	Connectable I/U	16	48	144 (48x3)	96 *4 (48x2)	96 *4 (48x2)	96 *4 (48x2)			
YES[C] &	Superlink*5 protocol	Previous	Previous	Previous	Previous	Previous	Previous			
	Connectable network	1	1	3	2	2	2			

- * 3 Maximum number of AC Cell is limited up to 96.

- * 8 Maximum number of AC Cell is limited up to %.

 In case the number of connected indoor units are more than 96, some AC Cells should hold 2 or more indoor units.

 * 4 In case of other Central control like SC-SLxN-E is connected in the same network, the connectable indoor unit is limited up to 64(32x2).

 * 5 In case of previous Superlink protocol, the Superlink mode of new central control should be set "Previous".

 * 6 In case of (YES[A] or YES[B]), previous central control is available to use. But the limitation of connectable indoor unit and so on is complied with the rule of previous Superlink.

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Specific features

Connectable indoor capacity

Capacity from 80% to 200% or 160% is possible.

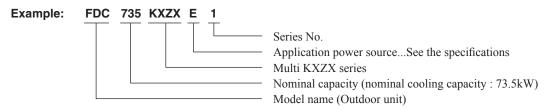
Model Item	Number of connectable units	Connectable capacity
FDC224KXZXE1	1 to 29	180 — 448
FDC280KXZXE1	1 to 37	224 — 560
FDC335KXZXE1	1 to 44	268 — 670
FDC450KXZXE1	2 to 60	360 — 900
FDC500KXZXE1	2 to 53	400 — 800
FDC560KXZXE1	2 to 59	448 — 896
FDC615KXZXE1	2 to 65	492 — 984
FDC670KXZXE1	2 to 71	536 — 1072
FDC735KXZXE1	3 to 78	588 — 1176
FDC800KXZXE1	3 to 80	640 — 1280
FDC850KXZXE1	3 to 80	680 — 1360
FDC900KXZXE1	3 to 80	720 — 1440
FDC950KXZXE1	3 to 80	760 — 1520
FDC1000KXZXE1	3 to 80	800 — 1600

Note

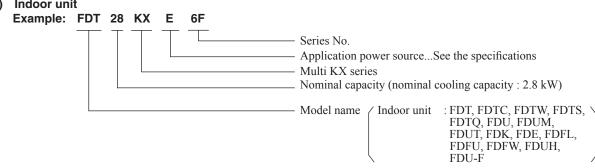
For outdoor unit, EN61000-3-2 and EN61000-3-12 are not applicable as consent by the utility company or notification to the utility company is given before usage.

1.2 How to read the model name

(1) Outdoor unit



(2) Indoor unit



1.3 Table of models

Capacity	15	22	28	36	45	56	71	90	112	140	160	224	280
Ceiling cassette-4 way type (FDT)			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Ceiling cassette-4 way compact type (FDTC)	0	0	0	0	0	0							
Ceiling cassette-2 way type (FDTW)			0		0	0	0	0	0	0			
Ceiling cassette-1 way type (FDTS)					0		0						
Ceiling cassette-1 way compact type (FDTQ)		0	0	0									
Duct connected-High static pressure type (FDU)					0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Duct connected-Low/Middle static pressure type (FDUM)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Duct connected (thin)-Low static pressure type (FDUT)	\circ	0	0	0	0	0	0						
Wall mounted type (FDK)		0	0	0	0	0	0						
Ceiling suspended type (FDE)				0	0	0	0		0	0			
Floor standing (with casing) type (FDFL)							0						
Floor standing (without casing) type (FDFU)			0		0	0	0						
Floor standing-2 way type (FDFW)		0		0	0								
Duct connected-compact and Flexible type (FDUH)		0	0	0									
Outdoor air processing unit (FDU-F)								(500)		(850)		(1300)	(1800)
Outdoor units to be combined (FDC)	FDO	C224KX	ZXE1-	FDC100	0KXZX	KE1	1	1 (***)	1	1 ()	1	1 ()	()

Note (1) Reference No. of data book: '14·KX-DB-206

1.4 Outdoor units combination table

Item	Combination	on outdoor u	nit models	Indoor unit			
Models	FDC224 KXZXE1	FDC280 KXZXE1	FDC335 KXZXE1	Connectable capacity	Number of connectable units		
FDC450KXZXE1	2	-	-	360 - 900	2 to 60 units		
FDC500KXZXE1	1	1	-	400 - 800	2 to 53 units		
FDC560KXZXE1	-	2	-	448 – 896	2 to 59 units		
FDC615KXZXE1	-	1	1	492 – 984	2 to 65 units		
FDC670KXZXE1	-	-	2	536 - 1072	2 to 71 units		
FDC735KXZXE1	2	1	-	588 - 1176	3 to 78 units		
FDC800KXZXE1	1	2	-	640 - 1280	3 to 80 units		
FDC850KXZXE1	-	3	-	680 - 1360	3 to 80 units		
FDC900KXZXE1	-	2	1	720 — 1440	3 to 80 units		
FDC950KXZXE1	-	1	2	760 — 1520	3 to 80 units		
FDC1000KXZXE1	-	-	3	800 - 1600	3 to 80 units		

(a) Outdoor unit side branch pipe set (Option)

Outdoor unit	Branch pipe set
For two units (for FDC450KXZXE1-670KXZXE1)	DOS-2A-3
For three units (for FDC730KXZXE1-1000KXZXE1)	DOS-3A-3

Note (1) Be sure to use this when combining units.

(b) Branch pipe set (Option)

Total capacity downstream	Branching pipe set
Less than 180	DIS-22-1G
180 or more but less than 371	DIS-180-1G
371 or more but less than 540	DIS-371-1G
540 or more	DIS-540-3

(c) Header pipe set (Option)

Total capacity downstream	Header set model type	Number of branches
Less than 180	HEAD4-22-1G	4 branches at the most
180 or more but less than 371	HEAD6-180-1G	6 branches at the most
371 or more but less than 540	HEAD8-371-2	8 branches at the most
540 or more	HEAD8-540-3	8 branches at the most

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2. OUTDOOR UNIT

Specifications • Single use (Used also to

Single use (Used also for combination)

Models			FDC224KXZXE1	FDC280KXZXE1	FDC335KXZXE1				
Nominal cooling capacity *1	1	kW	22.4	28.0	33.5				
Nominal heating capacity *2		KVV	25.0	31.5	37.5				
Power source				3 Phase 380-415V 50Hz / 380V 60Hz					
Power consumption	Cooling	kW	4.98	6.95	8.68				
Power consumption	Heating	KVV	5.56	6.83	8.39				
Dunning ourrent	Cooling	Α	8.7 / 8.0	11.7 / 10.7	14.7 / 13.4				
Running current	Heating	Α	9.6 / 8.8	11.7 / 10.7	14.3 / 13.1				
Power factor	Cooling	%	87 / 87	90 / 90	90 / 90				
Power lactor	Heating	70	88 / 88	89 / 89	89 / 89				
Sound pressure level		dB(A)	56 / 57	56 / 56	62 / 57				
Exterior dimensions			1690×1350×720	2048×135	0700				
Height × Width × Depth		mm	1690×1350×720	2048×135	0×720				
Net weight		kg	280	325					
Refrigerant equipment			GTC5150NC47LF×1	GUC5185N	ID47\/×1				
Compressor type & Q'ty			G1C5150NC4/LF×1	GUC5185N	ID47V×1				
Motor		kW	3.23×1	4.60×1	5.72×1				
Starting method									
Crankcase heater W			33×1	40×	1				
Refrigerant equipment				M fin & inner grooved tubing					
Heat exchanger				Willia & littler grooved tubing					
Refrigerant control				Electronic expansion valve					
Refrigerant				R410A					
Quantity		kg	11.0						
Refrigerant oil		ı	2.25(M-MA32R)						
Defrost control				Microcomputer controlled De-Icer					
Air handling equipment				Propeller fan × 2					
Fan type & Q'ty				1 Topeller latt * 2					
Motor		W		386×2					
Starting method				Direct start					
Air flow (Standard)		m³/min	220 / 200	220 / 200	280 / 200				
Static pressure		Pa		Max.50					
Shock & vibration absorber				Rubber mount (for compressor)					
Safety equipment				Compressor overheat protection / Overcurrent protection transistor overheating / Protection / Abnormal high pressu	re protection				
				e:φ9.52(³ / ₈ ")	Liquid line:φ12.7(1/2")				
Installation data Refrigerant piping size		mm(in)	Gas line:φ19.05(³ / ₄ ")	Gas line:φ22.22(⁷ / ₈ ")	Gas line:φ25.4(1") (φ22.22(7/ ₈ "))				
Connecting method				Gas line:Brazing / Liquid line:Flare	(7(707)				
MAX. Pressure		MPa		High 4.15 Low 2.21					
Drain		.,,,,		High 4.15 Low 2.21 Hole for drain (φ20 × 10pcs , φ45 × 3pcs)					
Insulation for piping				Necessary (both Liquid & Gas lines)					
Accessories	-								
Exterior dimensions	+		PCB003Z858	PCB003Z859	PCB003Z859				
Electrical wiring	-		PCB003Z860	PCB003Z861	PCB003Z861				
Licenical willing			1 000002000	1 000032001	F OD003Z00 I				

Notes (1) The data are measured at the following conditions.

Item	Indoor air t	emperature	Outdoor air	temperature	Standards
Operation	DB	WB	DB	WB	Staridards
Cooling*1	27 °C	19 °C	35 °C	24 °C	ISO-T1
Heating*2	20 °C	-	7℃	6℃	130-11

Adapted to RoHS directive

- (2) This packaged air-conditioner is manufactured and tested in conformity with the following standard. ISO-T1 "UNITARY AIR-CONDITIONERS"
- (3) Refrigerant piping size applicable to European installations are shown in parentheses.

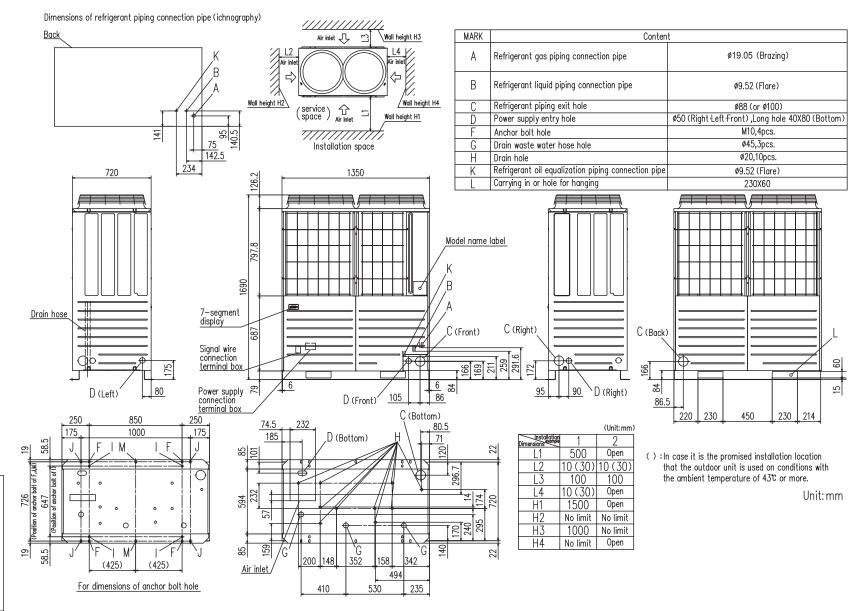
								-
Models			FDC450KXZXE1	FDC500KXZXE1	FDC560KXZXE1	FDC615KXZXE1	FDC670KXZXE1	
O and the officer of the			FDC224KXZXE1	FDC224KXZXE1	FDC280KXZXE1	FDC280KXZXE1	FDC335KXZXE1	
Combination unit			FDC224KXZXE1	FDC280KXZXE1	FDC280KXZXE1	FDC335KXZXE1	FDC335KXZXE1	
Power source					3 Phase 380-415V 50Hz /	380V 60Hz		1
Nominal cooling capacity	*1		45.0	50.0	56.0	61.5	67.0	1
Nominal heating capacity	*2	kW	50.0	56.0	63.0	69.0	75.0	1
B	Cooling		10.0	11.8	13.9	15.6	17.4	1
Power consumption	Heating	kW	11.1	12.3	13.7	15.2	16.8	1
	Cooling		17.5 / 16.0	20.0 / 18.5	23.5 / 21.5	26.4 / 24.1	29.3 / 26.8	1
Running current	Heating	Α	19.2 / 17.6	21.2 / 19.4	23.3 / 24.4	26.0 / 23.8	28.6 / 26.2	1
Danier factor	Cooling	%	87 / 87	89 / 89	90 / 90	90 / 90	90 / 90	1
Power factor	Heating	%	88 / 88	88 / 88	89 / 89	89 / 89	89 / 89	1
Net weight		kg	560	605	650	650	650	1
	quid line				φ12.7	•		1
Refrigerant piping size G	as line	mm			φ28.58			1
0	il equalization			1				
						I	I	
Models			FDC735KXZXE1	FDC800KXZXE1	FDC850KXZXE1	FDC900KXZXE1	FDC950KXZXE1	FDC1000KXZXE1
			FDC224KXZXE1	FDC224KXZXE1	FDC280KXZXE1	FDC280KXZXE1	FDC280KXZXE1	FDC335KXZXE1
Combination unit			FDC224KXZXE1	FDC280KXZXE1	FDC280KXZXE1	FDC280KXZXE1	FDC335KXZXE1	FDC335KXZXE1
			FDC280KXZXE1	FDC280KXZXE1	FDC280KXZXE1	FDC335KXZXE1	FDC335KXZXE1	FDC335KXZXE1
Power source				3 Phase 380-415V 50Hz / 380V 60Hz				
Nominal cooling capacity	*1	1.107	73.5	80.0	85.0	90.0	95.0	100.0
Nominal heating capacity	r*2	kW	82.5	90.0	95.0	100.0	106.0	112.0
D	Cooling	kW	17.1	19.3	21.1	22.7	24.3	25.9
Power consumption	Heating	KVV	18.2	19.7	20.6	21.9	23.5	25.1
Dunning ourrent	Cooling		29.4 / 27.0	32.9 / 30.1	35.6 / 32.6	38.4 / 35.1	41.0 / 37.6	43.7 / 40.0
Running current	Heating	Α	31.4 / 28.7	33.5 / 30.7	35.2 / 32.2	37.4 / 34.3	40.1 / 36.7	42.8 / 39.2
Power factor	Cooling	%	88 / 88	89 / 89	90 / 90	90 / 90	90 / 90	90 / 90
Power lactor	Heating	70	88 / 88	89 / 89	89 / 89	89 / 89	89 / 89	89 / 89
Net weight		kg	885	930	975	975	975	975
Liquid line					φ15.88			
Refrigerant piping size G		mm		ϕ 31.75(ϕ 34.92)			φ38.1	
ı	il equalization	I			AQ 52	1		

Notes (1) The data are measured at the following conditions.

Item	Indoor air temperature		Outdoor air t	Standards	
Operation	DB	WB	DB	WB	Stariuarus
Cooling*1	27 °C	19 °C	35 °C	24 °C	ISO-T1
Heating*2	20 °C	-	7 °C	6℃	150-11

Adapted to RoHS directive

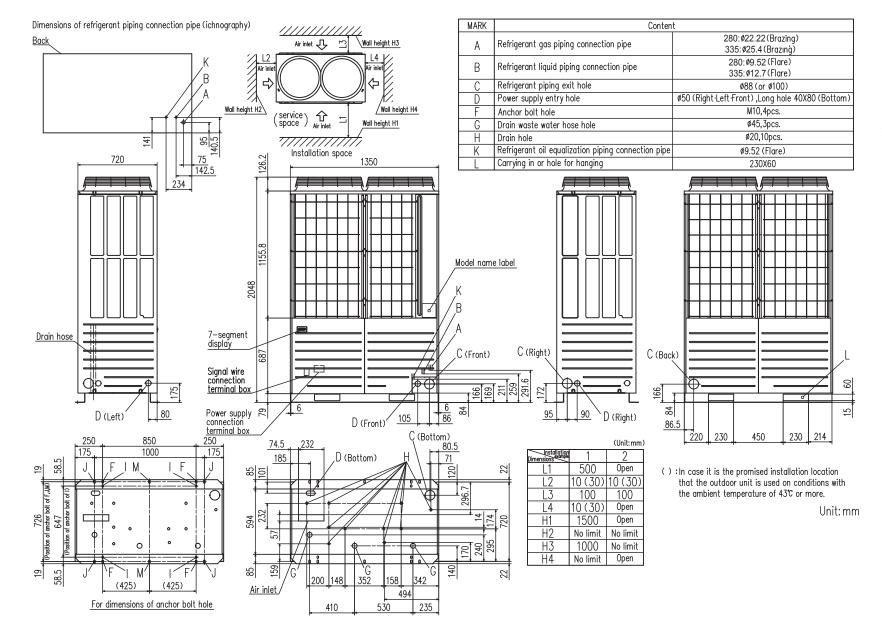
- (2) This packaged air-conditioner is manufactured and tested in conformity with the following standard. ISO-T1 "UNITARY AIR-CONDITIONERS"
- (3) Refrigerant piping size applicable to European installations are shown in parentheses.



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CB003 Z85 ∞

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CB003Z859

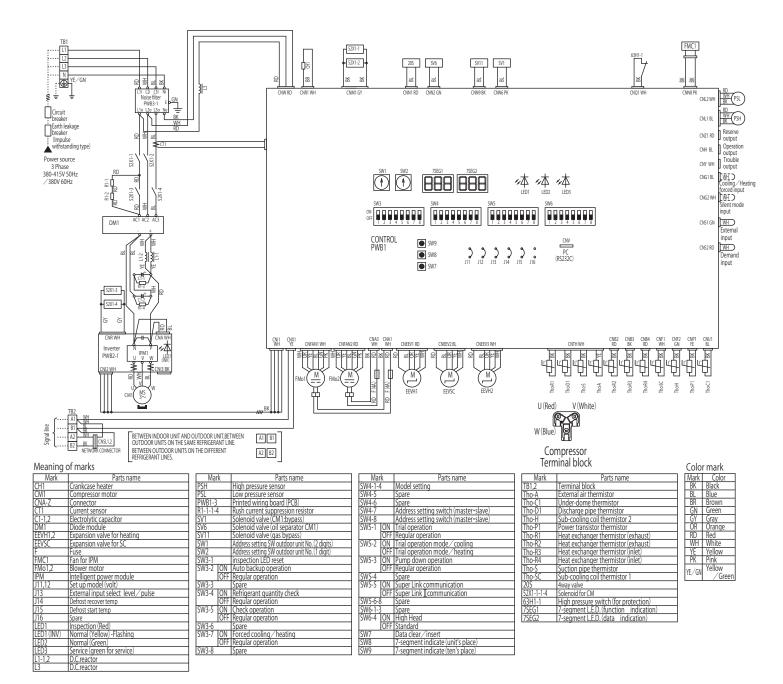
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3 Electrical wiring

N

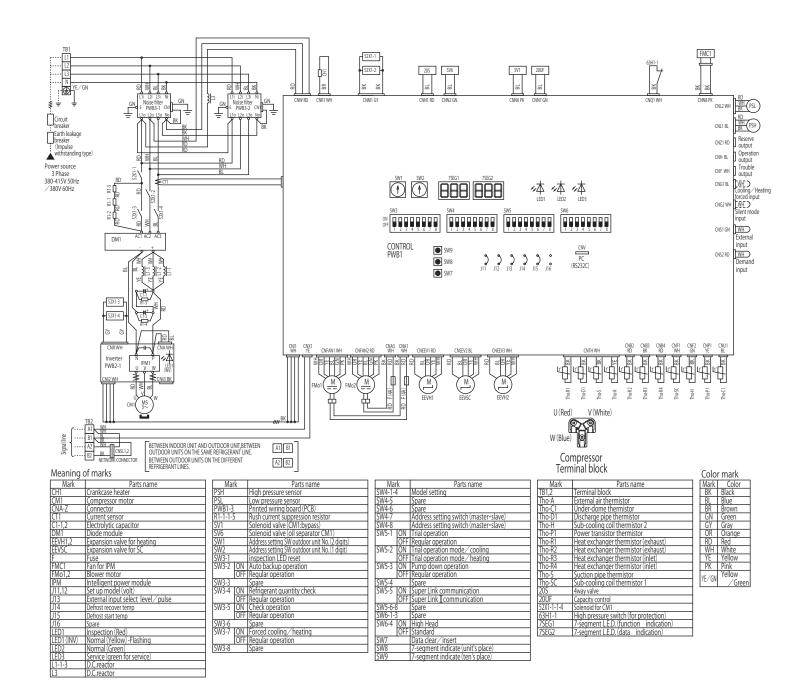
Models FDC224KXZXE1



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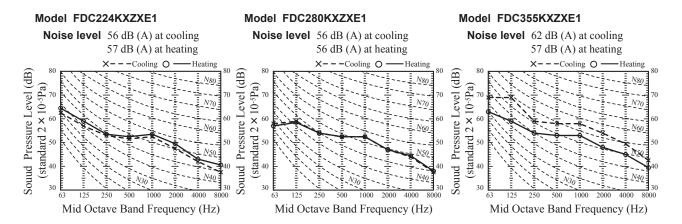
Models FDC280KXZXE1, 335KXZXE1



2.4 Noise level

Measured based on JIS B 8616

Mike position as highest noise level in position as below Distance from front side $1\,\mathrm{m}$ Height $1\,\mathrm{m}$



RANGE OF USAGE & LIMITATIONS

• Single use (also for combination use)

lka	System	FDC224KXZXE1	FDC280KXZXE1	FDC335KXZXE1	
Indoor air temperature (Upper, lower limits)		D.C			
Outdoor air tempera (Upper, lower limits)			Refer to page 15		
Indoor units that can be	Number of connected units	1 to 29 units	1 to 37 units	1 to 44 units	
used in combination	Connectable capacity (1)	180 - 448	224 - 560	268 - 670	
Total piping length (2)		1000m or less		
Main pipe length			130m or less		
Single direction pipi	ing length	Actual length : 160m or less, Equivalent length : 185m or less			
Allowable pipe leng	th from the first branching	90m or less (However, difference between the longest and shortest piping : 40m or less ⁽⁶⁾)			
Elevation difference between the first branching point and the indoor unit		18m or less			
Difference in height between	Outdoor unit is higher	50m or less (Max. 70m or less) ⁽⁵⁾			
indoor and outdoor units	Outdoor unit is lower	40m or less ⁽³⁾			
Difference in the eleva	ation of indoor units in a system	18m or less			
Indoor unit atmosphere (behind ceiling) temperature and humidity (Only models FDT, FDTC, FDTW, FDTS, FDTQ, FDU, FDUM, FDUT, FDUH, FDU-F		Dew point temperature 28 °C or less, relative humidity 80% or less (FDE, FDK, FDFL, FDFU, FDFW: Dew point temperature 23 °C or less, relative humidity 80% or less			
Compressor	1 cycle time	5 min or more (from stop to stop or from start to start)			
stop/start frequency	Stop time	3 min or more			
_	Voltage fluctuation		Within ±10% of rated voltage		
Power source voltage	Voltage drop during start		Within -15% of rated voltage		
voitage	Phase unbalance	Within 3%			

page 16.

(6) When it is required to install in the difference between the longest and shortest piping more than 40m, refer to page 17.

Note (1) When connecting the indoor unit type FDK, FDFL, FDFU or FDFW series, limit the connectable capacity not higher than 130%.

(2) When the pipe extension length exceeds 510 m, additional refrigerant oil must be charged (1,000 cc).

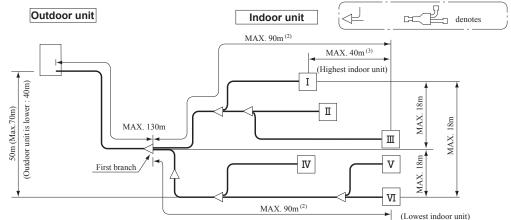
(3) It must be less than 30 m when conducting the cooling operation with the outdoor air temperature lower than 10°C.

(4) If Superlink I (previous Superlink) is selected, all the range of usage and limitations, not only the limitations of connectable indoor capacity and connectable number of indoor unit but also of the piping length, operating temperature range and etc., become same as those of KX4 (See technical manual '07·KX-KXR-T-114). In addition to above limitations, all of new functions for KX6 and KXZ such as automatic address setting function for multiple refrigerant systems and etc. will be cancelled.

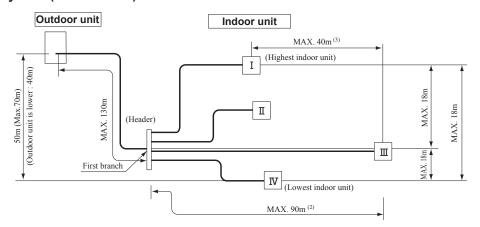
(5)When it is required to install in a range of 50 to 70 m, the limitation of use, etc. are different from those described here. For details, refer to page 16.

Allowable length of refrigerant piping, height difference between indoor and outdoor unit

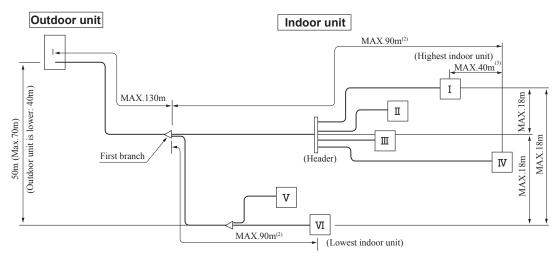
(1) Branch pipe system (Branch piping used)



(2) Header system (Header used)



(3) Mixed system (Branch piping and header used)



Note (1) A branch piping system cannot be connected after a header system.

- (2) 90m or less (However, difference between the longest and shortest piping: 40m or less (3))
- (3) When it is required to install the difference between the longest and shortest piping more than 40m, refer to page 17.

Important When the Additional refrigerant quantity (S+P+I) is over the following table, please separate the refrigerant line.

Outdoor unit	S+P+I (kg)
224-670	45
735-1000	90

S: Standard additional refrigerant quantity (kg)

P: Additional refrigerant quantity for piping (kg)

I : Additional refrigerant quantity for indoor units (kg)

• Combination use

Combinati	on use							
Item	System	FDC450KXZXE	1 FDC500KX	ZXE1 F	DC560KXZXE1	FDC615KXZXE1	FDC670KXZXE1	
Indoor air temperatu (Upper, lower limits)					Refer to page 15			
Outdoor air tempera (Upper, lower limits)			Total to page 15					
Indoor units that can be	Number of connected units	2 to 60 units	2 to 53 u	nits	2 to 59 units	2 to 65 units	2 to 71 units	
used in combination	Connectable capacity (1)	360 - 900	400 - 8	300	448 - 896	492 - 984	536 - 1072	
Total piping length (1	1000m or less			
Single direction pipi	ng length		Actual length			t length : 185m or	less	
Main pipe length					130m or less		(6)	
	th from the first branching	90m or less (H	owever, differe	nce betwe		and shortest piping	g : 40m or less (**)	
	he first branching point and the indoor unit				18m or less			
Difference in height between indoor and outdoor	Outdoor unit is higher			50m or les	ss (Max.70m or l	less) ⁽⁵⁾		
units	Outdoor unit is lower			4	40m or less (3)			
	tion of indoor units in a system				18m or less			
(Same system)	between outdoor units				MAX. 0.4m			
Difference between on outdoor unit side	branch pipe				MAX. 5m			
Length of oil equaliz					MAX. 10m			
Indoor unit atmosphere (behind ceiling) temperature and humidity Only models FDT, FDTC, FDTW, FDTS, FDTQ, FDU, FDUM, FDUT, FDUH, FDU-F		(FDE, FDK, FI				humidity 80% or less °C or less, relative hu		
Compressor	1 cycle time	5 min or more (from stop to stop or from start to start)						
stop/start frequency	Stop time	3 min or more						
	Voltage fluctuation		Within ±10% of rated voltage					
Power source	Voltage drop during start	Within -15% of rated voltage						
voltage	Phase unbalance	Within 3%						
	0							
Item	System	FDC735KXZXE1	FDC800KXZXE1	FDC850KX	XZXE1 FDC900KX	KZXE1 FDC950KXZX	E1 FDC1000KXZXE1	
	re (Upper, lower limits)			R	Refer to page 15			
	ture (Upper, lower limits)							
Indoor units that can be used in	Number of connected units	3 to 78 units	3 to 80 units	3 to 80				
combination	Connectable capacity	588 - 1176	640 - 1280	680 -	1360 720 -	1440 760 - 15	20 800 - 1600	
Total piping length (2)	1000m or less Actual length : 160m or less, Equivalent length : 185m or less						
Single direction pipi	ng length		Actual length			t length : 185m or	ess	
Main pipe length					130m or less		(6)	
	th from the first branching	90m or less (However, differen	ence betw		t and shortest pipir	ng : 40m or less (6)	
Difference in	he first branching point and the indoor unit				18m or less	(5)		
height between indoor and outdoor	Outdoor unit is higher	50m or less (Max.70m or less) ⁽⁵⁾						
units	Outdoor unit is lower	40m or less (3)						
	tion of indoor units in a system	18m or less						
Difference in height (Same system)	between outdoor units	MAX. 0.4m						
Difference between an outdoor unit and on outdoor unit side branch pipe		MAX. 5m						
Length of oil equalization piping					MAX. 10m			
Indoor unit atmosphere (behind ceiling) temperature and humidity Only models FDT, FDTC, FDTW, FDTS, FDTQ, FDU, FDUM, FDUT, FDUH, FDU-F		Dew point temperature 28 °C or less, relative humidity 80% or less (FDE, FDK, FDFL, FDFU, FDFW: Dew point temperature 23 °C or less, relative humidity 80% or less)						
Compressor	1 cycle time		5 min or	more (from	m stop to stop or fro	om start to start)		
stop/start frequency	Stop time				3 min or more			
D	Voltage fluctuation			Within	±10% of rated volt	age		
Power source voltage	Voltage drop during start			Within	-15% of rated volt	age		
	Phase unbalance				Within 3%			

page 16.

(6) When it is required to install in the difference between the longest and shortest piping more than 40m, refer to page 17.

Note (1) When connecting the indoor unit type FDK, FDFL, FDFU or FDFW series, limit the connectable capacity not higher than 130%.

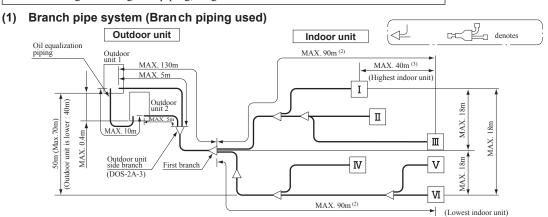
(2) When the pipe extension length exceeds 510 m, additional refrigerant oil must be charged (1,000 cc).

(3) It must be less than 30 m when conducting the cooling operation with the outdoor air temperature lower than 10°C.

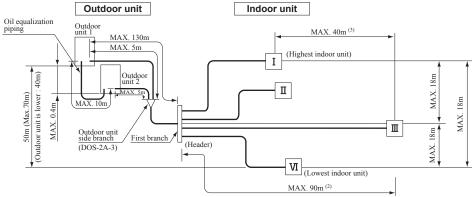
(4) If Superlink I (previous Superlink) is selected, all the range of usage and limitations, not only the limitations of connectable indoor capacity and connectable number of indoor unit but also of the piping length, operating temperature range and etc., become same as those of KX4 (See technical manual '07·KX-KXR-T-114). In addition to above limitations, all of new functions for KX6 and KXZ such as automatic address setting function for multiple refrigerant systems and etc. will be cancelled.

(5)When it is required to install in a range of 50 to 70 m, the limitation of use, etc. are different from those described here. For details, refer to page 16.

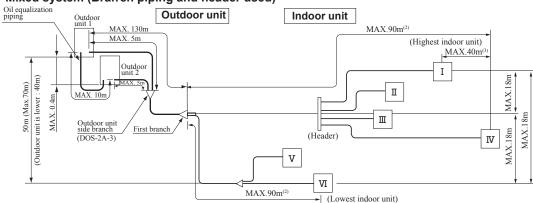
Allowable length of refrigerant piping, height difference between indoor and outdoor unit



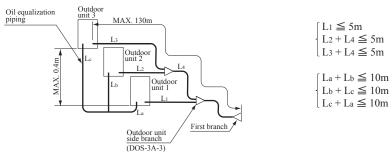
(2) Header system (Header used)



(3) Mixed system (Branch piping and header used)



(4) Pipe system for combination of 3 outdoor units (Displaying only outdoor units)



Note (1) A branch piping system cannot be connected after a header system.

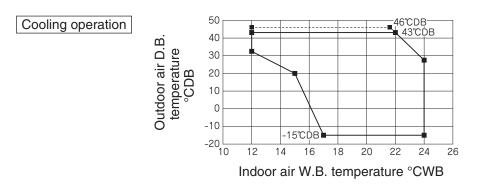
- (2) 90m or less (However, difference between the longest and shortest piping : 40m or less ⁽³⁾)
- (3) When it is required to install the difference between the longest and shortest piping more than 40m, refer to page 17.

Important When the Additional refrigerant quantity (S+P+I) is over the following table, please separate the refrigerant line.

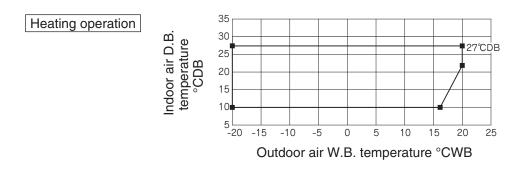
Outdoor unit	S+P+I(kg)
224-670	45
735-1000	90

- S: Standard additional refrigerant quantity (kg)
- P: Additional refrigerant quantity for piping (kg)
- I: Additional refrigerant quantity for indoor units (kg)

Operating temperature range



*In case it is the promised installation location that the outdoor unit is used on conditions with the ambient temperature of 43° C or more, refer to page 6 (2.2 Exterior dimensions).



"CAUTION" Cooling operation under low outdoor air temperature conditions

KXZ models can be operated in cooling mode at low outdoor air temperature condition within above temperature range. However in case of severely low temperature conditions if the following precaution is not observed, it may not be operated in spite of operable temperature range mentioned above and cooling capacity may not be established under certain conditions.

[Precaution]

In case of severely low temperature condition

- 1) Install the outdoor unit at the place where strong wind cannot blow directly into the outdoor unit.
- 2) If there is no installation place where can prevent strong wind from directly blowing into the outdoor unit, prepare a windbreak fence or something like that locally in order to divert the strong wind from the outdoor unit.

[Reason]

Under the low outdoor air temperature conditions of -5°C or lower, if strong wind directly blow into the outdoor unit, the outdoor heat exchanger temperature will drop, even though the outdoor fan is stopped by outdoor fan control. This makes high and low pressures to drop as well. This low pressure drop makes the indoor heat exchanger temperature to drop and will activate anti-frost control at indoor heat exchanger at frequent intervals, that cooling operation may not be established for any given time.

Specification for installation with large head difference (Applicable to: FDC224 - 1000KXZXE1)

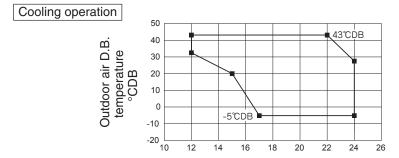
In case when the outdoor unit is installed at a higher place and **the difference in the elevation between the indoor and the outdoor units is larger than 50 m and smaller than 70 m,** the limitation on application differs partially from ordinary applications and, instead, the following specification applies. The pipe size, refrigerant amount and way of switch setting become also different.

In the range of use, the outdoor air temperature (lower limit), indoor units allowed to combine, total piping length and difference in the elevation between indoor units in the same system are different from ordinary applications.

Table 1 Range of use

Table 1 Range of use		
1	Item	FDC224-1000KXZXE1
Indoor air temperature (Upper, lower limits) Outdoor air temperature (Upper, lower limits)		Refer to Table 2
Indoor units that can be used in combination	Number of connected units Connectable capacity	Refer to Table 3
Total piping length		510m or less
Main pipe length		130m or less
Single direction piping leng	th	Actual length : 160m or less, Equivalent length : 185m or less
Allowable pipe length from	the first branching	90m or less (However, difference between the longest and shortest piping:40m or less)
Allowable difference in the	Elevation difference between the first branching point and the indoor unit	18m or less
elevation	Outdoor unit is higher	50m or more-70m or less
olovation.	Outdoor unit is lower	40m or less
	Difference in the elevation of indoor units in a system	15m or less
	Difference in the elevation	0.4m or less
Limitation on piping from outdoor unit to branching	Elevation from outdoor unit to branching pipe at outdoor unit side	5m or less
pipe at outdoor unit side	Oil equalizing pipe length	10m or less
pipe at outdoor unit side	Length between outdoor branching pipes for a combination of 3 units	5m or less
Indoor unit atmosphere (behind ceiling) temperature and humidity Only models FDT,FDTC,FDTW,FDTQ,FDTS,FDU,FDUM,FDUH,FDUT		Dew point temperature 28°C or less, relative humidity 80% or less (FDT,FDK,FDFL,FDFU,FDFW: Dew point temperature 28°C or less, relative humidity 80% or less)
Compressor stop/start	1 cycle time	5 min or less (from stop to stop or from start to start)
frequency	Stop time	3 min or more
	Voltage fluctuation	Within ±10% of rated voltage
Power source voltage	Voltage drop during start	Within −15% of rated voltage
	Phase unbalance	Within 3%

Table 2 Indoor air temperature/Outdoor air temperature



Indoor air W.B. temperature °CWB

Heating operation

35
30
25
27CDB
27

Table 3 Number of connectable indoor units and capacity range

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Model/Item	Number of connectable units	Connectable capacity		
FDC224KXZXE1	1 to 14	180 - 224		
FDC280KXZXE1	1 to 18	224 - 280		
FDC335KXZXE1	1 to 2 2	268 - 335		
FDC450KXZXE1	2 to 3 0	360 - 450		
FDC500KXZXE1	2 to 3 3	400 - 500		
FDC560KXZXE1	2 to 3 7	448 - 560		
FDC615KXZXE1	2 to 4 1	492 - 615		
FDC670KXZXE1	2 to 44	536 - 670		
FDC735KXZXE1	3 to 49	588 - 735		
FDC800KXZXE1	3 to 5 3	640 - 800		
FDC850KXZXE1	3 to 5 6	680 - 850		
FDC900KXZXE1	3 to 60	720 - 900		
FDC950KXZXE1	3 to 63	760 - 950		
FDC1000KXZXE1	3 to 6 6	800 - 1000		

<Pipe size selection>

In the figure for pipe selection, sizes of main pipe and the pipe between the branch at the indoor side and the indoor unit are selected on the basis different from normal practice.

(1) Main pipe (branch of the outdoor unit – first branch at the indoor side)

Size of liquid pipe is different. Change the size of main pipe according to Table 4.
When the maximum length (from the outdoor unit to the furthest indoor unit) is larger than 90 m (actual length), change the size of main pipe according to Table 4.

Table 4 Main pipe size

Outdoor unit	Main pipe size (normal)		Pipe size for an actual 1	ength of 90m or longer
Outdoor unit	Gas pipe	Liquid pipe	Gas pipe	Liquid pipe
224	φ 19.05 × t 1.0	φ 12.7 × t 0.8	φ 22.22 × t 1.0	φ 12.7 × t 0.8
280	φ 22.22 × t 1.0	<u> </u>	φ 25.4 (φ 22.22) × t 1.0	φ 12.7 · · · · · · · · · · ·
335	ϕ 25.4 (ϕ 22.22) × t 1.0		φ 23.4 (φ 22.22) × t 1.0	
450				
500		φ 15.88 × t 1.0	φ 31.8 × t 1.1	φ 15.88 × t 1.0
560	$\phi 28.58 \times t 1.0$	7 20100 7 210	(φ 28.58 × t 1.0)	
615			(\$20.50 (1.0)	
670				
735				
800	φ31.8 × t1.1			
850	$(\phi 34.92 \times t 1.2)$			
900	(\$ 34.92 \ t 1.2)	<u>φ 19.05 × t 1.0</u>	φ 38.1 × t 1.35	± 10.05 × ± 1.0
950			(φ 34.92 × t 1.2)	$\phi 19.05 \times t 1.0$
1000	ϕ 38.1 × t 1.35 (ϕ 34.92 × t 1.2)			

(2) Between branch at the indoor side and indoor unit

Size of gas pipe for indoor unit with capacity larger than 112 is different. Change the size of pipe connected to indoor unit according to Table 5.

Table 5 Indoor unit connecting pipe size

Ca	pacity	Gas pipe	Liquid pipe
	15,22,28	φ 9.52 × t0.8	φ 6.35 × t0.8
Indoor unit	36,45,56	φ 12.7 × t0.8	Ψ 6.33 × 10.8
	71,90	φ15.88 × t1.0	
	112,140,160	ϕ 19.05 × t1.0	φ 9.52 × t0.8
	224	ϕ 22.22 × t1.0	Ψ 9.32 ^ 10.8
	280	ϕ 25.4 × t1.0	

(3) Refrigerant quantity

In addition to normal charge quantity for refrigerant pipes, charge quantity for the difference in capacity between the indoor and the outdoor units, and standard additional refrigerant quantity, measure and charge the additional refrigerant quantity for the installation with the difference in the elevation being over 50 m and less than 70 m.

Table 6 Additional refrigerant quantity for the installation with the difference in the elevation being over 50 m and less than 70 m

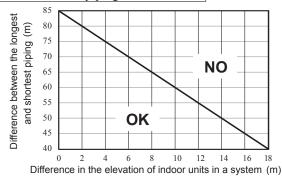
Outdoor unit	(kg)	Outdoor unit	(kg)
224	0.2	670	1.0
280	0.3	735	1.1
335	0.5	800	1.2
450	0.7	850	1.3
500	0.8	900	1.4
560	0.9	950	1.6
615	0.8	1000	1.6

Setting of microcomputer control needs to be changed when the outdoor unit is installed upwards and the difference in elevation is larger than 50 m and less than 70 m. Make sure to set SW6-4 at ON position on both the master and slave units, before turning the power on.

Specification for installation with the difference between the longest and shortest piping more than 40m

When the difference between the longest and shortest piping is longer than 40 m, adjust the difference in the elevation of indoor units in a system such that it will fall in the OK range on the following graph. When the difference in the elevation between the indoor and the outdoor units is 50 m - 70 m, the difference between the longest and shortest piping cannot exceed 40 m. Reduce it to less than 40 m.

If the refrigerant quantity over occurs when the difference between the ongest and shortest piping is longer than 40 m, there is a risk that the heating capacity becomes insufficient. Take sufficient care to adjust the additional refrigerant quantity at correct value.

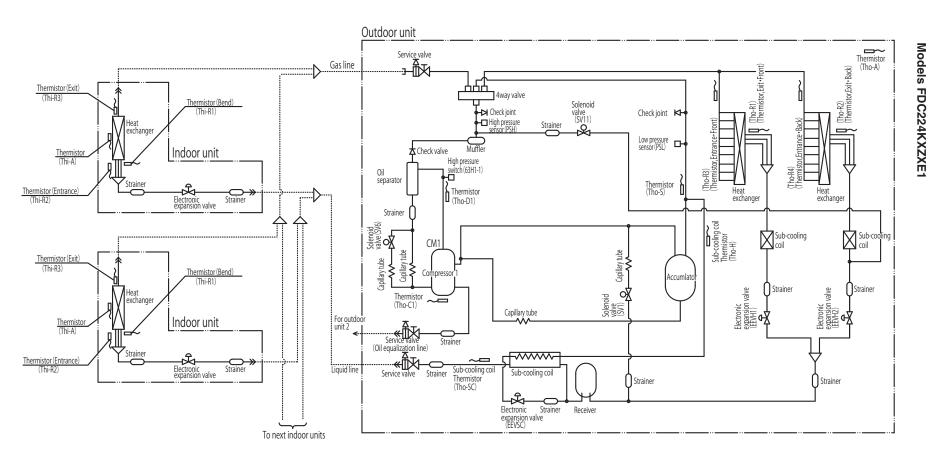


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Notes (1) Preset point of protective devices

63H1-1: Open 4.15MPa, Close 3.15MPa (For protection)

(2) Function of thermistor

PSH: For compressor control

3.70 ON (MPa)

PSL: ON 0.18MPa, OFF 0.20MPa

(For compressor control) ON 0.134MPa, OFF 0.18MPa

(For protection)

Thi-R1, R2: Heating operation: Indoor fan control.

Cooling operation: Frost prevention control.

Super heat control.

Thi-R3: For super heat control of cooling operation.
Tho-D: For control of discharge pipe temperature.
Tho-C: For control of temperature under the dome.
Tho-S: For control of suction pipe temperature.

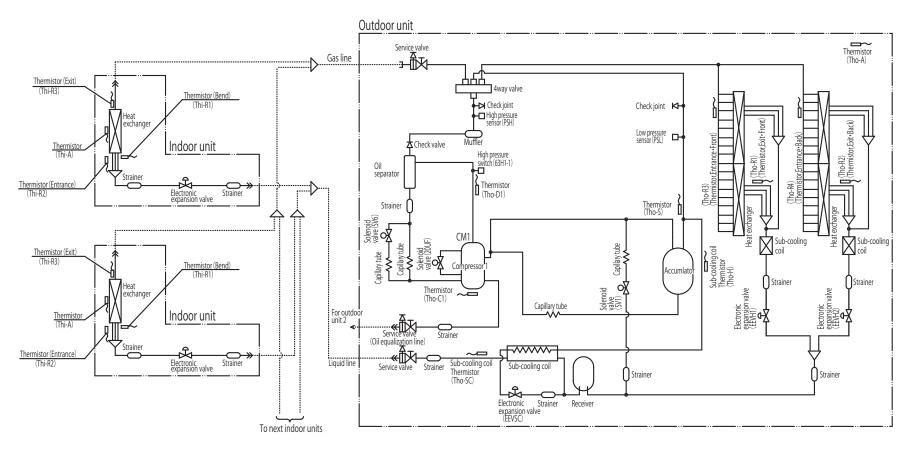
Tho-R1, R2: For control of defrosting.
Tho-A: For control of defrosting.

Tho-R3, R4: Electronic expansion valve (EEVH1, 2) control of heating operation Tho-SC: Electronic expansion valve (EEVSC) control of cooling operation.

Tho-H: For super heat control of sub-cooling coil.

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Notes (1) Preset point of protective devices

63H1-1 : Open 4.15MPa, Close 3.15MPa (For protection)

(2) Function of thermistor

PSH: For compressor control

3.70 ON (MPa)

PSL: ON 0.18MPa, OFF 0.20MPa

(For compressor control) ON 0.134MPa, OFF 0.18MPa

(For protection)

Thi-R1, R2: Heating operation: Indoor fan control.

Cooling operation: Frost prevention control.

Super heat control.

Thi-R3: For super heat control of cooling operation.

Tho-D: For control of discharge pipe temperature. Tho-C: For control of temperature under the dome.

Tho-S: For control of suction pipe temperature.

Tho-R1, R2: For control of defrosting.
Tho-A: For control of defrosting.

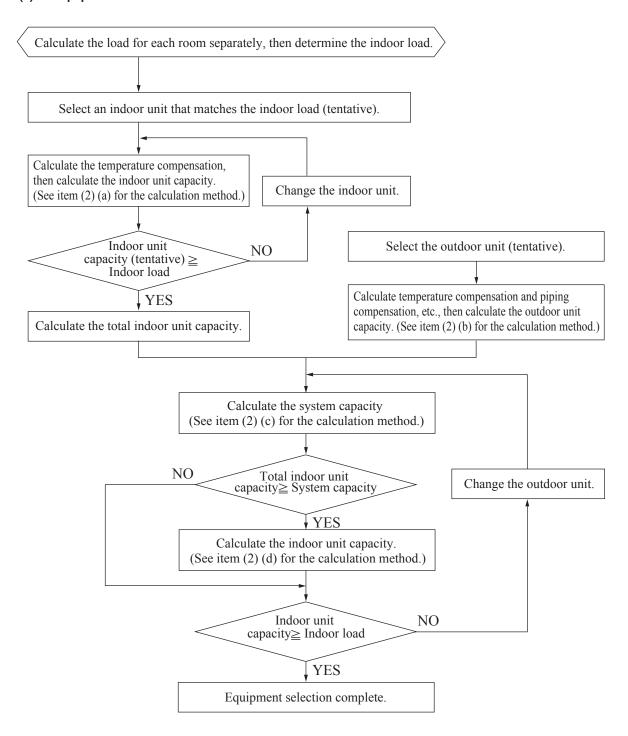
Tho-R3, R4 : Electronic expansion valve (EEVH1, 2) control of heating operation

Tho-SC: Electronic expansion valve (EEVSC) control of cooling operation.

Tho-H: For super heat control of sub-cooling coil.

5. SELECTION CHART

(1) Equipment selection flow



(2) Capacity calculation method

(a) Calculating the indoor unit capacity compensation

Indoor unit capacity (cooling, heating) = Indoor unit total rated capacity

× Capacity compensation coefficient according to temperature conditions

See item (3) (a) concerning the capacity compensation coefficient according to temperature conditions.

(b) Calculating the outdoor unit capacity compensation

Outdoor Unit Capacity (cooling, heating) = Outdoor unit rated capacity (rated capacity when 100% connected)

- × Capacity compensation coefficient according to temperature conditions
- × Capacity compensation coefficient according to piping length
- × Capacity compensation coefficient according to height difference
- × Correction of heating capacity in relation to the frost on the outdoor unit heat exchanger
- × Capacity compensation coefficient according to indoor unit connection capacity
- ① See item (3) (a) concerning the capacity compensation coefficient according to temperature conditions.
- ② See item (3) (b) concerning the capacity compensation coefficient according to piping length.
- ③ See item (3) (c) concerning the capacity compensation coefficient according to height difference. This compensation should be carried out only in cases where the outdoor unit is lower during cooling and higher during heating.
- (4) See item (3) (d) correction of heating capacity in relation to the frost on the outdoor unit heat exchanger. This compensation should be carried out only when calculating the heating capacity.
- ⑤ See item (3) (e) concerning the capacity compensation coefficient according to indoor unit connected capacity. This compensation should be carried out only in cases where the indoor unit total capacity is 100% or higher.

(c) Calculating system capacity

Compare the capacities determined in items (a) and (b) above and let the smaller value be the system capacity (cooling, heating).

- ① In cases where indoor unit total capacity (cooling, heating) > outdoor unit capacity (cooling, heating) System capacity (cooling, heating) = Outdoor unit capacity (cooling, heating)
- ② In cases where indoor unit total capacity (cooling, heating) < outdoor unit capacity (cooling, heating)

 System capacity (cooling, heating) = Indoor unit capacity (cooling, heating)

(d) Calculating indoor unit capacity [item (c) ①only]

Indoor unit capacity (cooling, heating) = System capacity (cooling, heating)

× [(Indoor unit capacity) / (Indoor unit total capacity)]

Capacity calculation examples

Example 1

Cooling (when the indoor unit connected total capacity is less than 100%)

Outdoor unit FDC450KXZXE1	FDC224KXZXE1 × 2 units
• Indoor unit FDT56KXE6F	7 units
• Piping length	60 m (Equivalent length)
• Indoor, outdoor unit height difference	15 m (Outdoor unit is lower)
Temperature conditions	Outdoor temperature: 33°C DB
Temperature conditions	Indoor temperature: 10°C WB

<Indoor unit total cooling capacity>: Item (2) (a) calculation.

- Indoor unit rated cooling capacity: 5.6 kW
- Capacity compensation coefficient according to temperature conditions:
 1.02 (Calculated according to Indoor 19°C WB / Outdoor 33°C DB); (See page 23)
 Indoor unit cooling capacity: 5.6 kW × 1.02 ≒ 5.7 kW
- Indoor unit total cooling capacity calculation; indoor unit total cooling capacity: 5.7 kW × 7 units = 39.9 kW

<Outdoor unit maximum cooling capacity>: Item (2) (b) calculation

- Outdoor unit rated cooling capacity: 45.0 kW
- Capacity compensation coefficient according to temperature conditions:
 1.02 (Calculated according to Indoor 19°C WB / Outdoor 33°C DB); (See page 23)
 Outdoor unit cooling capacity: 45.0 kW × 1.02 = 45.9 kW
- Capacity compensation coefficient according to piping length: 0.94 (calculated according to 60 m length); (See page 25) $45.9 \text{ kW} \times 0.94 = 43.1 \text{ kW}$

- Capacity compensation coefficient according to height difference: 0.97 (calculated according to 15 m difference); (See page 27) 43.1 kW × 0.97 ≒ 41.8 kW
- Capacity compensation coefficient according to indoor unit connected total capacity: 1.0 ← (56 × 7) / 450 < 100%) No compensation

<System cooling capacity>: Item (2) (c) calculation

Compare the indoor unit total cooling capacity and the outdoor unit maximum cooling capacity. The smaller value is the actual system cooling capacity.

- Indoor unit total cooling capacity: 39.9 kW
- ⇒ System cooling capacity: 39.9 kW
- Outdoor unit maximum cooling capacity: 41.8 kW

<Indoor unit capacity compensation> No compensation (5.7 kW)

Example 2

Cooling (when the indoor unit connected total capacity is 100% or higher)

- Outdoor unit FDC450KXZXE1 FDC224KXZXE1 × 2 units

<Indoor unit total cooling capacity>: Item (2) (a) calculation.

- Indoor unit rated cooling capacity: 5.6 kW
- Capacity compensation coefficient according to temperature conditions:
 0.95 (Calculated according to Indoor 18°C WB / Outdoor 35°C DB); (See page 23)

Indoor unit cooling capacity: $5.6 \text{ kW} \times 0.95 = 5.3 \text{ kW}$

• Indoor unit total cooling capacity calculation; indoor unit total cooling capacity: 5.3 kW × 10 units =. 53.0 kW

<Outdoor unit maximum cooling capacity> : Item (2) (b) calculation

- · Outdoor unit rated cooling capacity: 45.0 kW
- Capacity compensation coefficient according to temperature conditions:
 0.95 (Calculated according to Indoor 18°C WB / Outdoor 35°C DB); (See page 23)

Outdoor unit cooling capacity: $45.0 \text{ kW} \times 0.95 = 42.8 \text{ kW}$

- Capacity compensation coefficient according to piping length: 0.94 (calculated according to 60 m length); (See page 25)
 42.8 kW x 0.94 = 40.2 kW
- Capacity compensation coefficient according to height difference: 1.0 (the outdoor unit is higher during cooling)

 No compensation
- Capacity compensation coefficient according to indoor unit connected total capacity: 1.05 ← (56 × 10) / 450 ≒ 124%) (See page 29) 40.2 kW × 1.05 ≒ 42.2 kW

<System cooling capacity>: Item (2) (c) calculation

Compare the indoor unit total cooling capacity and the outdoor unit maximum cooling capacity. The smaller value is the actual system cooling capacity.

- Indoor unit total cooling capacity : 53.0 kW \Rightarrow System cooling capacity: 42.2 kW
- Outdoor unit maximum cooling capacity: 42.2 kW

<Indoor unit cooling capacity Compensation>: Item (2) (d) calculation.

$$\frac{42.2 \text{ kW} \times 5.3 \text{ kW}}{53.0 \text{ kW}} = \frac{4.2 \text{ kW}}{4.2 \text{ kW}}$$

Example 3

Heating (when the indoor unit connected total capacity is 100% or higher)

Outdoor unit FDC450KXZXE1	FDC224KXZXE1 × 2 units
Indoor unit FDT56KXE6F	10 units
Piping length	60 m (Equivalent length)
Indoor, outdoor unit height difference	20 m (Outdoor unit is higher)
Temperature conditions	Outdoor temperature: 6°C WB
Temperature conditions	Indoor temperature: 19°C DB

<Indoor unit total heating capacity>: Item (2) (a) calculation.

- Indoor unit rated heating capacity:6.3 kW
- Capacity compensation coefficient according to temprature conditions:
 1.04 (Calculated according to Outdoor 6°C WB / Indoor 19°C DB); (See page 24)
 Indoor unit heating capacity: 6.3 kW × 1.04 = 6.6 kW
- Indoor unit total heating capacity calculation; indoor unit total heating capacity: 6.6 kW × 10 units ≒ 66.0 kW

<Outdoor unit maximum heating capacity> : Item (2) (b) calculation

- Outdoor unit rated heating capacity: 50.0 kW
- Capacity compensation coefficient according to temperature conditions: 1.04 (Calculated according to Outdoor 6°C WB / Indoor 19°C DB); (See page 24) Outdoor unit heating capacity: 50.0 kW × 1.04 = 52.0 kW
- Capacity compensation coefficient according to piping length: 0.982 (calculated according to 60 m length); (See page 27)
 52.0 kW × 0.982 = 51.0 kW
- Capacity compensation coefficient according to height difference: 0.96 (calculated according to 20 m difference); (See page 27) $51.0 \text{ kW} \times 0.96 = 49.0 \text{ kW}$
- Correction of heating capacity in relation to the frost on the outdoor unit heat exchanger:
 1.0 (calculated according to 6°C WB); (See page 27)
 49.0 kW × 1.0 = 49.0 kW.
- Capacity compensation coefficient according to indoor unit connected total capacity: $1.01 \leftarrow (56 \times 10) / 450 = 124\%$) (See page 29) $49.0 \text{ kW} \times 1.01 = 49.5 \text{ kW}$.

<System heating capacity> : Item (2) (c) calculation

Compare the indoor unit total heating capacity and the outdoor unit maximum heating capacity. The smaller value is the actual system heating capacity.

- Indoor unit total heating capacity : 66.0 kW

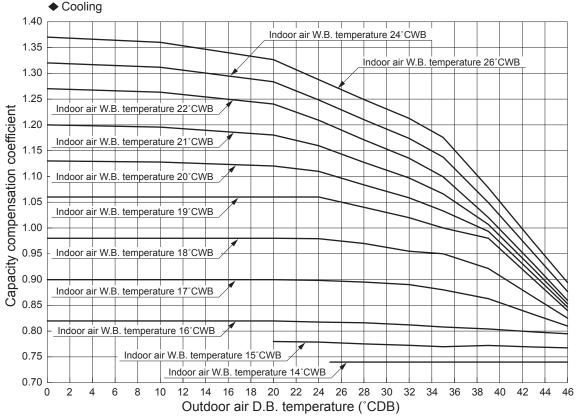
 ⇒ System heating capacity: 49.5 kW
- Outdoor unit maximum heating capacity: 49.5 kW

<Indoor unit heating capacity compensation> : Item (2) (d) calculation

$$\frac{49.5 \text{ kW} \times 6.6 \text{ kW}}{66.0 \text{ kW}} = 5.0 \text{ kW}$$

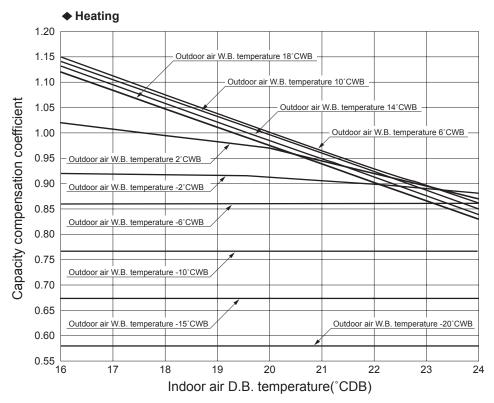
(3) Capacity compensation coefficient

- (a) Capacity compensation coefficient and power consumption compensation coefficient according to indoor and outdoor temperature conditions.
 - 1) Capacity compensation coefficient



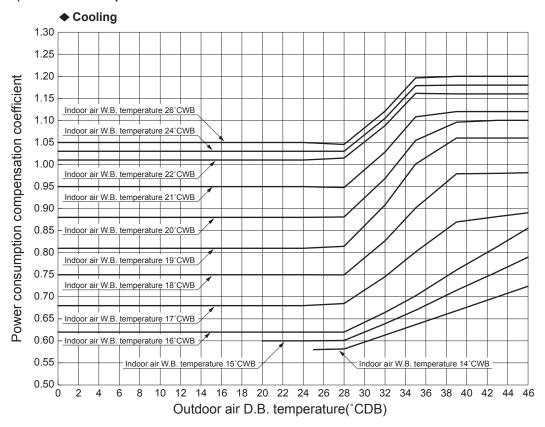
Note (1) The above-mentioned table shows a typical condition among conditions to occur via controlling an air-conditioning equipment.

(2) When performing the cooling operation with the outdoor air temperature being -5°C or under, a windbreak fence must be installed.

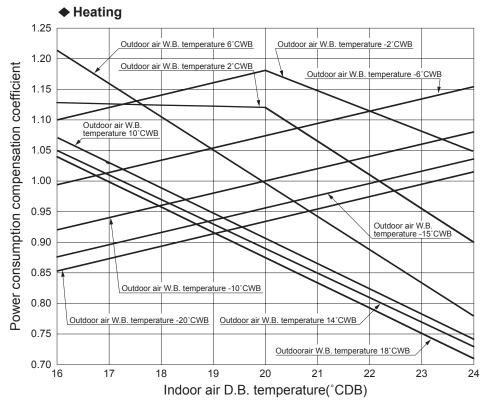


Note (1) The above-mentioned table shows a typical condition among conditions to occur via controlling an air-conditioning equipment.

2) Power consumption correction factor



Note (1) The above-mentioned table shows a typical condition among conditions to occur via controlling an air-conditioning equipment.

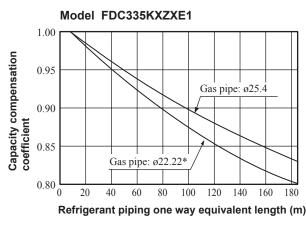


Note (1) The above-mentioned table shows a typical condition among conditions to occur via controlling an air-conditioning equipment.

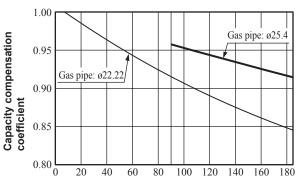
(b) Correction of cooling and heating capacity in relation to one way length of refrigerant piping.

(Note) This table is for reference only. If the refrigerant piping one way equivalent after the first branch is extended longer than 40 m, it could drop further by about 10% in the worst case.

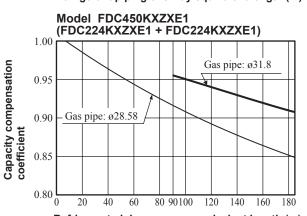
1) Cooling Model FDC224KXZXE1 1.00 0.95 0.95 0.85 0.80 0.80 0.80 0.80 0.80 0.80 0.80 Refrigerant piping one way equivalent length (m)



Model FDC280KXZXE1

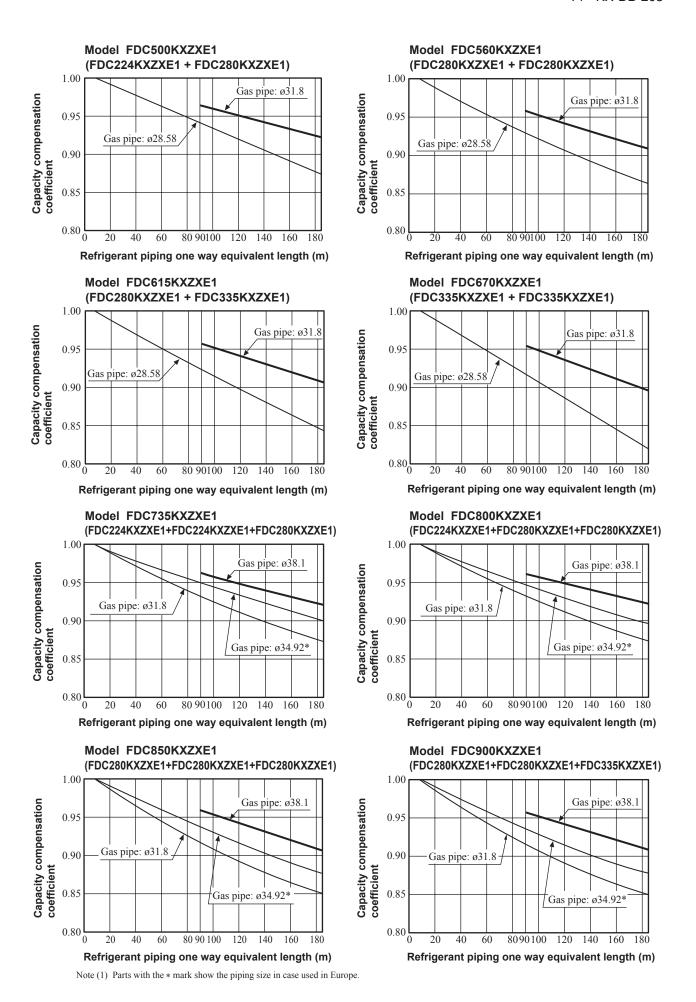


Refrigerant piping one way equivalent length (m)



Refrigerant piping one way equivalent length (m)

Note (1) Parts with the * mark show the piping size in case used in Europe.



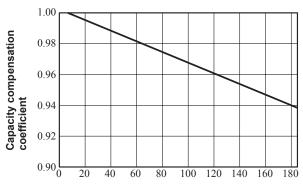
Model FDC950KXZXE1 (FDC280KXZXE1+FDC335KXZXE1+FDC335KXZXE1) 1.00 Gas pipe: ø38.1 Capacity compensation coefficient 0.95 Gas pipe: ø34.92 Gas pipe: ø31.8 0.85 0.80 40 80 90 100 120 140 160 Refrigerant piping one way equivalent length (m)

Note (1) Parts with the * mark show the piping size in case used in Europe.

(FDC335KXZXE1+FDC335KXZXE1+FDC335KXZXE1) 1.00 Capacity compensation coefficient 0.95 Gas pipe: ø38.1 0.90 Gas pipe: ø34.92 0.85 0.80 80 90100 120 140 40 Refrigerant piping one way equivalent length (m)

Model FDC1000KXZXE1

2) Heating



Refrigerant piping one way equivalent length (m)

Note (1) Equivalent piping length can be obtained by calculating as follows.

Equivalent piping length = Real gas piping length + Number of bends in gas piping × Equivalent piping length of bends.

Equivalent length of each joint Unit: m/one pa									
Gas piping size	φ15.88	ф 19.05	φ22.22	φ25.4	φ28.58	φ31.8	φ34.92	φ38.1	
Joint (90° elbow)	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.40	0.45	0.55	0.60	0.65	

(c) When the outdoor unit is located at allower height than the indoor unit in cooling operation and when the outdoor unit is located at a higher height than the indoor unit in heating operation, the following values should be subtracted from the values in the above table.

Height difference between the indoor unit and outdoor unit in the vertical height difference	5 m	10 m	15 m	20 m	25 m	30 m	35 m
Adjustment coefficient	0.99	0.98	0.97	0.96	0.95	0.94	0.93
Height difference between the indoor unit and	40	45					
							70
outdoor unit in the vertical height difference	40 m	45 m	50 m	55 m	60 m	65 m	70 m

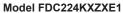
Correction of heating capacity in relation to the frost on the outdoor unit heat exchanger

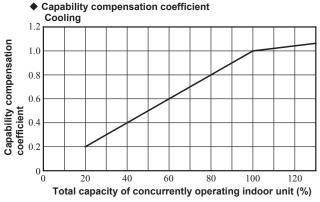
Air inlet temperature of outdoor unit in °C WB	-20	-15	-13	-11	-9	-7	-5	-3	-1	1	3	5 or more
Adjustment coefficient	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.95	0.94	0.93	0.91	0.88	0.86	0.87	0.92	1

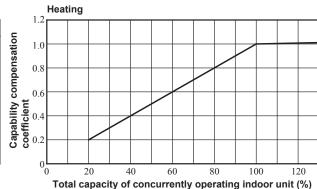
The correction factors will change drastically according to weather conditions. So necessary adjustment should be made empirically according to the weather data of the particular area.

(e) The capacity compensation coefficient and power consumption compensation coefficient vary according to the total capacity of concurrently operating indoor units, as shown below.

(Note) This table shows typical values.







Power consumption compensation coefficient Cooling

1.2

1.0

0.8

0.0

0.2

0.4

0.0

20

40

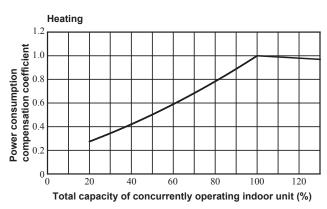
60

80

100

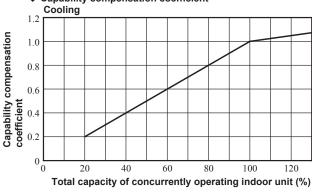
120

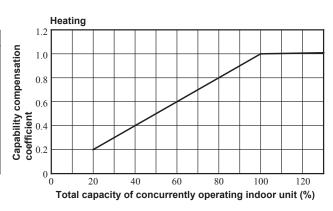
Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%)

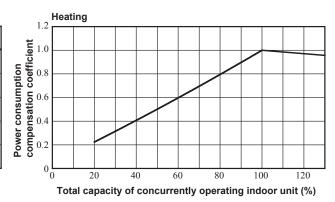


Model FDC280KXZXE1

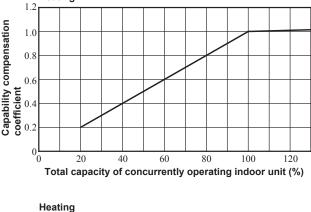
◆ Capability compensation coefficient

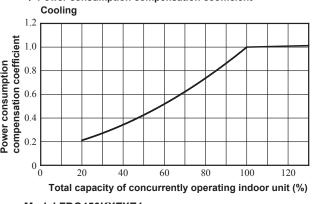


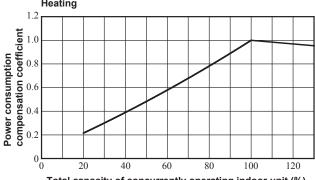




Model FDC335KXZXE1 Capability compensation coefficient Cooling Heating 1.2 Capability compensation 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.2 0.2 Capability compensation coefficient 1.0 0.8 0.6 0.4 20 40 80 100 120 60 Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%) ◆ Power consumption compensation coefficient Cooling 1.2 1.2 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Power consumption} \\ \textbf{compensation coefficient} \\ 0.8 \\ 0.7 \\$ Power consumption compensation coefficient 0.8 0.6 0.2 20 40 60 80 100 120 Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%)

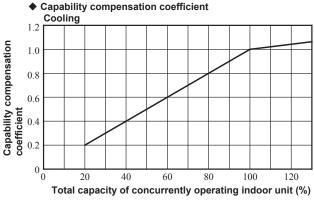


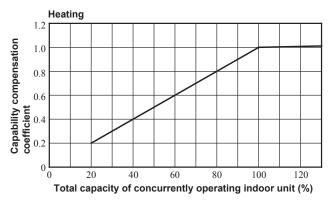


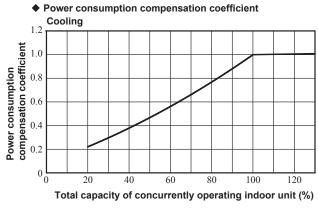


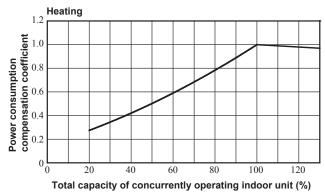
Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%)

Model FDC450KXZXE1

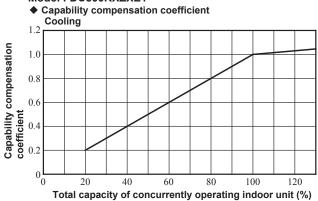


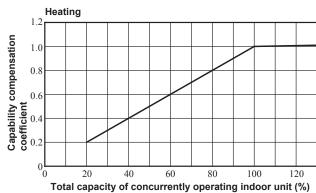




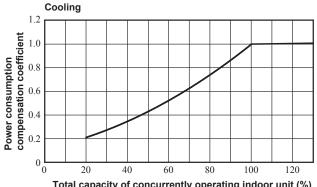


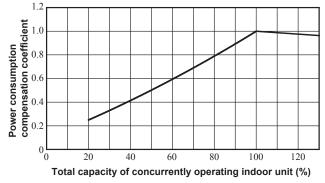
Model FDC500KXZXE1





◆ Power consumption compensation coefficient

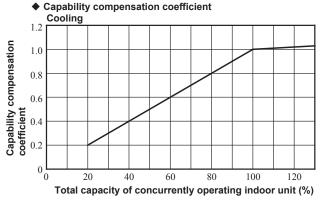


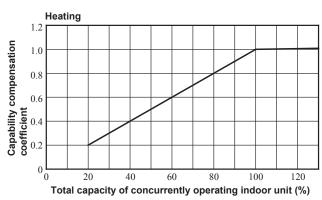


Heating

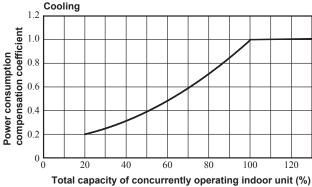
Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%)

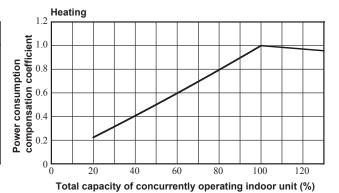
Model FDC560KXZXE1





◆ Power consumption compensation coefficient





Capability compensation coefficient Cooling Heating 1.2 Capability compensation 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.2 0.2 Capability compensation 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.2 20 40 100 120 40 100 120 60 80 60 Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%) Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%) ◆ Power consumption compensation coefficient Cooling Heating 1.2 1.2 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Power consumption} \\ \textbf{combensation coefficient} \\ \textbf{0.6} \\ 0.2 \\ \end{array}$ Dower consumption compensation coefficient compensation coefficient 0.4 0.2 20 40 60 80 100 120 40 60 80 100 120 Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%) Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%) Model FDC670KXZXE1 Capability compensation coefficient Heating Cooling 1.2 Capability compensation $\begin{array}{c} 0.8 \\ 0.6 \\ 0.2 \\ 0.2 \end{array}$ Capability compensation 1.0 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.2 0 6 120 40 40 60 Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%) Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%) ◆ Power consumption compensation coefficient 1.2 compensation coefficient $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Power consumption} \\ \textbf{compensation coefficient} \\ 0.8 \\ 0.4 \\ 0.7 \\$ 1.0 Power consumption 0.6 0.4 0.2 00

Model FDC615KXZXE1

Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%)

40

60

Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%)

Model FDC735KXZXE1 Capability compensation coefficient Heating Cooling 1.2 Capability compensation 0.8 0.6 0.6 0.2 0.2 0.2 Capability compensation 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.6 0.2 00 20 40 60 80 100 120 20 40 60 80 100 120 Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%) Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%) ◆ Power consumption compensation coefficient Heating 1.2 1.2 Power consumption compensation coefficient 0.8 0.4 0.2 Power consumption compensation coefficient 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.2 00 20 Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%) Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%) Model FDC800KXZXE1 Capability compensation coefficient Cooling Heating Capability compensation Capability compensation 0.8 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.2 0.21.0 0.8 0.6 coefficient 0.4 0.2 100 120 20 40 60 80 120 Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%) Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%) ◆ Power consumption compensation coefficient Cooling Heating 1.2 Dower consumption compensation coefficient 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.2 Power consumption compensation coefficient compensation coefficient 0.4 0.2

20

40

60

Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%)

120

100

Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%)

Model FDC850KXZXE1 Capability compensation coefficient Heating 1.2 Capability compensation 0.8 0.6 0.6 0.2 0.2 0.2 Capability compensation 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.6 0.2 00 20 40 60 80 100 120 20 40 60 80 100 120 Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%) Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%) ◆ Power consumption compensation coefficient Heating 1.2 1.2 Power consumption compensation coefficient 0.8 0.4 0.2 Power consumption compensation coefficient 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.2 0 20 40 Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%) Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%) Model FDC900KXZXE1 Capability compensation coefficient Cooling Heating Capability compensation Capability compensation 0.8 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.2 0.21.0 0.8 0.6 coefficient 0.4 0.2 80 100 120 20 40 60 80 120 Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%) Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%) ◆ Power consumption compensation coefficient Cooling Heating 1.2 Dower consumption compensation coefficient 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.2 Power consumption compensation coefficient compensation coefficient 0.4 0.2

20

40

60

Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%)

120

100

Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%)

20

Model FDC950KXZXE1 Capability compensation coefficient Cooling Heating 1.2 Capability compensation 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.2 0.2 Capability compensation 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.2 20 40 60 80 100 120 40 100 120 60 Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%) Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%) ◆ Power consumption compensation coefficient Cooling Heating 1.2 1.2 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Power consumption} \\ \textbf{combensation coefficient} \\ \textbf{0.6} \\ 0.2 \\ \end{array}$ Dower consumption compensation coefficient compensation coefficient 0.4 0.2 20 40 60 80 100 120 20 40 60 80 100 120 Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%) Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%) Model FDC1000KXZXE1 Capability compensation coefficient Heating Cooling 1.2 Capability compensation $\begin{array}{c} 0.8 \\ 0.6 \\ 0.2 \\ 0.2 \end{array}$ Capability compensation 1.0 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.2 0 6 120 40 40 60 60 Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%) Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%) ◆ Power consumption compensation coefficient Heating 1.2 compensation coefficient $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Power consumption} \\ \textbf{compensation coefficient} \\ 0.8 \\ 0.4 \\ 0.7 \\$ 1.0 Power consumption 0.6 0.4 0.2

40

60

Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%)

00

Total capacity of concurrently operating indoor unit (%)

6. WARNINGS ON REFRIGERANT LEAKAGE

Check of concentration limit

The room in which the air conditioner is to be installed requires a design that in the event of refrigerant gas leaking out, its concentration will not exceed a set limit.

The refrigerant R410A which is used in the air conditioner is safe, without the toxicity or combustibility of ammonia, and is not restricted by laws to be imposed which protect the ozone layer. However, since it contains more than air, it poses the risk of suffocation if its concentration should rise excessively.

Suffocation from leakage of R410A is almost nonexistent. With the recent increase in the number of high concentration buildings, however, the installation of multi air conditioner systems is on the increase because of the need for effective use of floor space, individual control, energy conservation by curtailing heat and carrying power etc.

Most importantly, the multi air conditioner system is able to replenish a large amount of refrigerant compared with conventional individual air conditioners. If a single unit of the multi conditioner system is to be installed in a small room, select a suitable model and installation procedure so that if the refrigerant accidentally leaks out, its concentration dose not reach the limit (and in the event of an emergency, measures can be made before injury can occur).

In a room where the concentration may exceed the limit, create an opening with adjacent rooms, or install mechanical ventilation combined with a gas leak detection device.

The concentration is as given below.

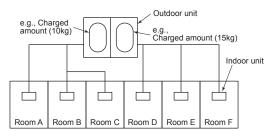
Total amount of refrigerant (kg)

Min. volume of the indoor unit installed room (m³)

≤ Concentration limit (kg/m³)

The concentration limit of R410A which is used in multi air conditioners is 0.42kg/m³. (ISO5149)

Note(1) If there are 2 or more refrigerating systems in a single refrigerating device, the amounts of refrigerant should be as charged in each independent device.



For the amount of charge in this example:

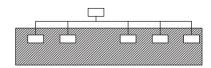
The possible amount of leaked refrigerant gas in rooms A, B and C is 10kg.

The possible amount of leaked refrigerant gas in rooms D, E and F is 15kg.

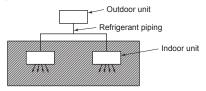
Important

Note(2) The standards for minimum room volume are as follows

1) No partition (shaded portion)

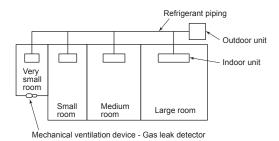


When there is an effective opening with the adjacent room for ventilation of leaking refrigerant gas (opening without a door, or an opening 0.15% or larger than the respective floor spaces at the top or bottom of the door).

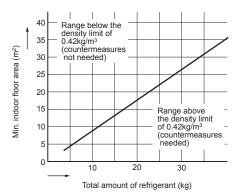


③ If an indoor unit is installed in each partitioned room and the refrigerant tubing is interconnected, the smallest of course becomes the object.

But when a mechanical ventilation is installed interlocked with a gas leakage detector in the smallest room where the density limit is exceeded, the volume of the next smallest room becomes the object.



Note(3) The minimum indoor floor area compared with the amount of refrigerant is roughly as follows: (When the ceiling is 2.7m high)



VRF INVERTER MULTI-SYSTEM AIR-CONDITIONERS



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Air-Conditioning & Refrigeration Division 16-5, Konan 2-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo, 108-8215 Japan http://www.mhi.co.jp